

Learning at the Zoo

Activity Pack 1

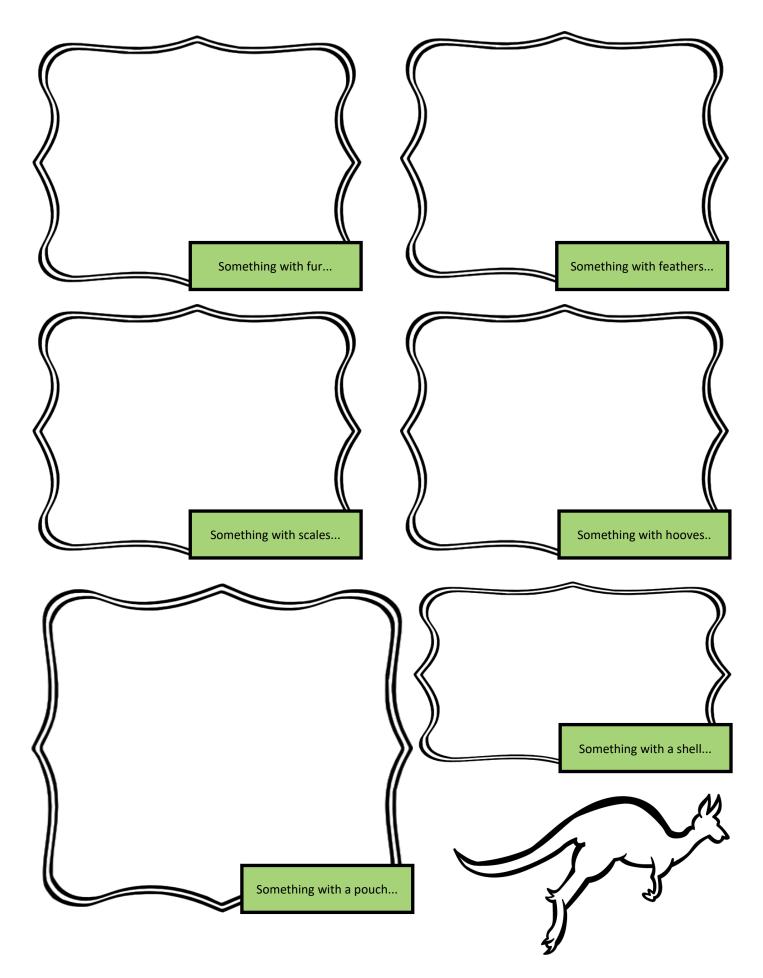




Complete the activities within this pack to earn Children's University passport stamps! If you wish to earn Children's University passport stamp code, please bring your completed worksheets to the gift shop at the end of your visit.

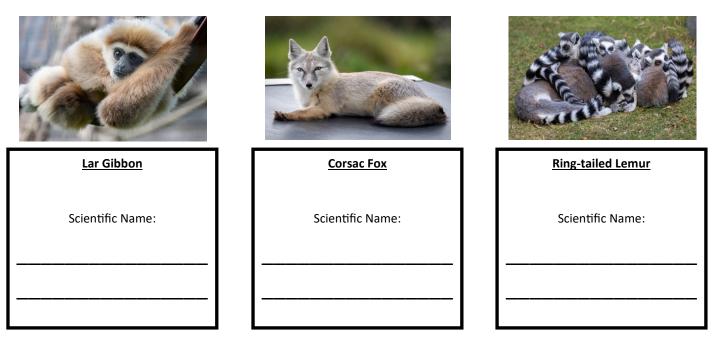
Draw a Picture:

Choose an animal from each of the categories below to draw.



Animal Spotter:

As well as their common name, all animals (including humans) have a scientific name, for example, a Dingo is *Canis Dingo*. Scientific names stay the same no matter what language you speak. They are always written in italics. Find the scientific names of the animals below, once you have found the animal, look for their scientific name on their enclosure label and write it below.



Animal Spotter:

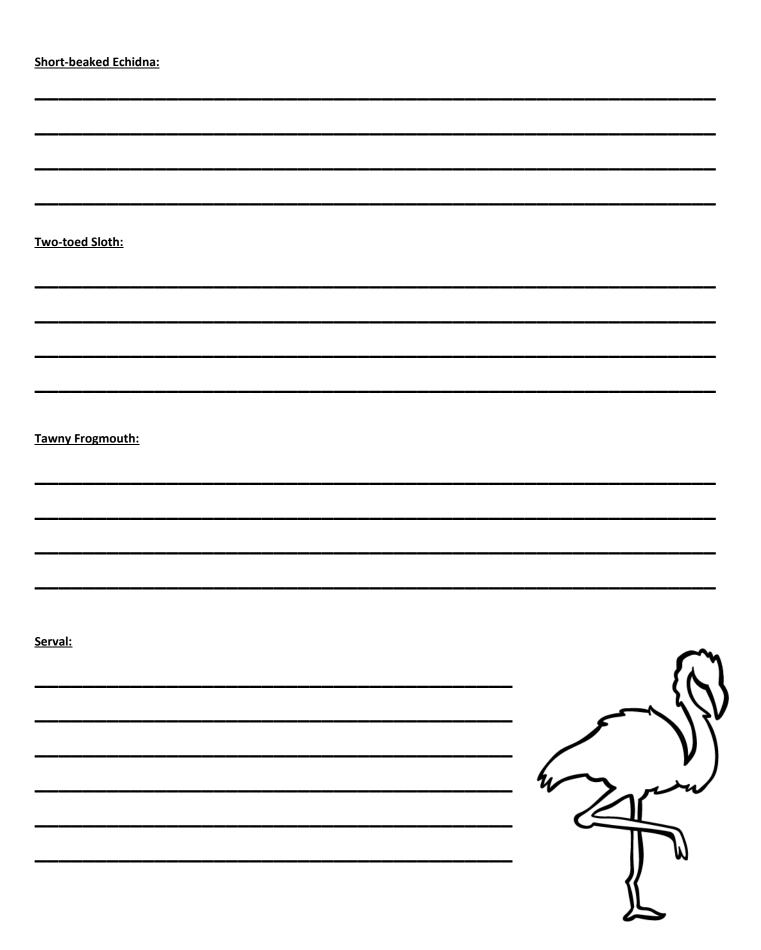
Do you ever see a group of animals together and wonder what they are called? For example, at Hamerton Zoo we have a **flamboyance** of flamingos! Find the animals below in their groups and tick the box when you have found them.

Animal Na	ame Collective Noun
Dingo	Pack
Bear	Sloth or Sleuth
Wombat	Wisdom
Donkey	Drove
Geese	Gaggle
Zebra	Zeal
Owl	Parliament
Storks	Muster or Mustering
Budgerigar	Flock
Meerkat	Mob



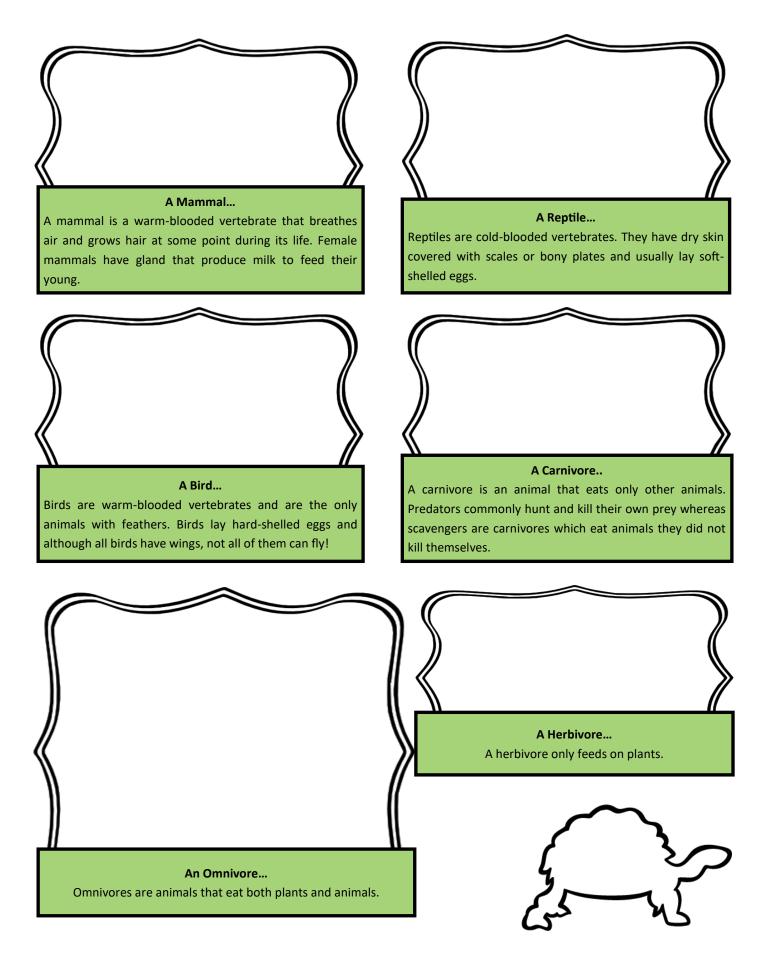
Animal Fact Sheet:

Record one interesting fact for each of these animals. Once you have found the animal, look for an interesting fact on their enclosure label.



Variety of Life:

Find one example from each of the animal categories listed below to draw. Can you label one feature showing why that animal is in this category?



Night and Day:

Animals that are active at night are called nocturnal whereas animals that are active in the day are called diurnal. Complete the table below to identify 5 animals at Hamerton Zoo that are nocturnal and 5 animals that are diurnal.

Nocturnal	Diurnal

Choose one nocturnal animal from your table above and give one example of how it has adapted to be active at night.



Colour and Camouflage:

The colour and/or pattern of an animal will allow it to blend into its surroundings or stand out from its environment. Using a colour or pattern as a disguise can help them hide from predators or hunt more efficiently by being harder to see. When an animal blends into its background, this is called camouflage. Answer the questions and colour in the dinosaur below to make him camouflage, think about his pattern and colour!

What habitat does your dinosaur live in?	
	And and a second
Why is your dinosaur this colour?	Why does your dinosaur have this pattern?

My Favourite Animal:

Sketch your favourite animal and answer the questions below to describe it.

	My favourite animal is: My favourite animal eats:
My Favourite Anin Hamerton Zoo	
What colour is your favourite animal? What habitat does you favourite animal live in?	Something special about my favourite animal is:
This is my favourite animal because	

Well done!

Now bring your completed pages of this workbook to the gift shop so we can give you your stamp code for your Children's University Passport.



If you have any comments, please contact our team at office@hamertonzoopark.com

